TUTTLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 97

GRADY COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2014

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GRADY COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2014

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^{*} The required internal control, compliance, and schedule of findings and questioned costs are required by Government Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133 when a single audit is applicable

TUTTLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-97, GRADY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2014

BOARD OF EDUCATION

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Vice President Tim Hogland

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SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Tuttle Independent School District #97 Grady County, Oklahoma

Board Members:

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements of the **Tuttle Independent School District #97**, Grady County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the district's regulatory financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by **Tuttle Independent School District #97** Grady County, Oklahoma, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of **Tuttle Independent School District #97**, Grady County, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2014, or the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of **Tuttle Independent School District**, #97, Grady County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2014, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid/expenses, and budgetary results, for the year ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the **Tuttle Independent School District #97, Grady County, Oklahoma's** combined financial statements. The combining financial statements as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *Oklahoma Department of Education* and/or the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the combined financial statements.

The combining financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

angel, Johnston & Blosingame, P.C.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2014, on our consideration of the Tuttle Independent School District, #97, Grady County, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standard in considering Tuttle Independent School District, #97, Grady County, Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chickasha, Oklahoma November 4, 2014



Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Regulatory Basis - All Fund Types and Account Groups For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

			Gov	ernmental F	- -un∙	d Types				Fiduciary Fund Types		Account Group	Total (Memorandum Only)
<u>ASSETS</u>		General	_	Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	. <u>-</u>	Trust and Agency	G	General Long- Term Debt	June 30, 2014
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund Amounts to be Provided for Retirement	\$	1,685,862 0 0	\$	687,861 0 0	\$	1,539,398 0 0	\$	1,588,785 0 0	\$	401,906 0 0	\$	0 0 1,539,398	\$ 5,903,812 0 1,539,398
of General Long-Term Debt Amounts to be Provided For Capitalized Lease Agreements Amounts to be Provided for Compensated Absences	} -	0 0 0	_	0 0 0		0 0 0		0 0 0	· -	0 0 0		20,602 5,092,650 69,600	20,602 5,092,650 69,600
Total Assets	\$	1,685,862	\$_	687,861	\$	1,539,398	\$	1,588,785	\$	401,906	\$	6,722,250	\$ 12,626,062
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE													
Liabilities: Warrants Payable Reserve for Encumbrances Due to Activity Groups General Obligation Bonds Payable Capitalized Lease Obligations Payable Compensated Absences Payable	\$	421,584 0 0 0 0 0	\$	51,785 0 0 0 0 0	\$	1,489,084 0 0 0 0 0	\$	67,662 0 0 0 0	\$	0 0 401,906 0 0	\$	0 0 0 1,560,000 5,092,650 69,600	\$ 2,030,115 0 401,906 1,560,000
Total Liabilities	\$	421,584	\$_	51,785	\$	1,489,084	\$	67,662	\$	401,906	\$	6,722,250	\$ 4,061,621
Fund Balances: Restricted For: Debt Service	\$	0	\$	0	\$	50,314	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 50,314
Capital Projects Building Programs Child Nutrion Programs Cooperative Programs	•	0 0 0		0 541,784 94,293 0	Ť	0 0 0 0	•	1,521,124 0 0 0	•	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	1,521,124 541,784 94,293
Unassigned	-	1,264,278	_	0		0		0		0		0	1,264,278
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,264,278	\$_	636,077	\$	50,314	\$	1,521,124	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 3,471,792
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,685,862	\$_	687,861	\$	1,539,398	\$	1,588,785	\$	401,906	\$	6,722,250	\$ 7,533,412

Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances Regulatory Basis - All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

		,	Governmental I	Fund Types		Totals (Memorandum Only)
Revenue Collected:		General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	June 30, 2014
Local Sources	\$	2,162,232 \$	421,809 \$		11,728 \$	
Intermediate Sources	Ψ	320,483	421,003 φ 0	0	0	320,483
State Sources		6,685,360	53,884	0	0	6,739,244
Federal Sources		471,175	152,777	0	0	623,951
Non-Revenue Receipts	_	4,015	302	556	0	4,873
Total Revenue Collected	\$_	9,643,265 \$	628,772 \$	5 1,459,504 \$	11,728 \$	11,743,269
Expenditures Paid:						
Instruction	\$	6,449,225 \$	9,400 \$	0 \$	11,486 \$	6,470,111
Support Services		2,819,047	630,468	0	96,211	3,545,725
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		4,328	507,996	0	0	512,324
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		0	3,910	0	1,571,059	1,574,969
Other Outlays		4,193	302	0	0	4,496
Other Uses		0	0	0	0	0
Repayments		0	0	0	0	0
Interest Paid on Warrants and Bank Charges Debt Service:		0	0	0	0	0
Principal Retirement		0	0	1,485,000	0	1,485,000
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	-	0	0	16,335	0	16,335
Total Expenditures Paid	\$_	9,276,793 \$	1,152,076 \$	5 1,501,335 \$	1,678,756 \$	13,608,960
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under)						
Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments to						
Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	366,472 \$	(523,304) \$	<u>(41,831)</u> \$	(1,667,027) \$	(1,865,691)
Adjustments to Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	0 \$	0_\$	S	0_\$	30
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Estopped Warrants	\$	145 \$	82 \$	0 \$	0 \$	227
Bond Proceeds	Ψ	0	0	0	1,560,000	1,560,000
Transfers In		20,197	313,374	0	0	333,571
Transfers Out	_	0	(750)	0	0	(750)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$_	20,342 \$	312,706 \$	5\$	1,560,000 \$	1,893,048
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Collected Over Expenditures Paid and Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	\$	386,814 \$	(210,598) \$	(41,831) \$	(107,027) \$	27,357
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	=	877,464	846,674	92,145	1,628,151	3,444,435
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,264,278 \$	636,077	50,314 \$	1,521,124 \$	3,471,792

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Regulatory Basis - Budgeted Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

	General Fun					Specia	al Revenue Fund	s		Debt Service Fund				
Revenue Collected:		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
Local Sources	\$	1,982,274 \$	1,982,274 \$	2,162,232	\$	281,402 \$	281,402 \$	421,809	\$	1,409,190 \$	1,409,190 \$	1,458,948		
Intermediate Sources		264,800	264,800	320,483		0	0	0		0	0	0		
State Sources		6,197,975	6,197,975	6,685,360		29,900	29,900	53,884		0	0	0		
Federal Sources		394,772	394,772	471,175		134,800	134,800	152,777		0	0	0		
Non-Revenue Receipts		. 0	0	4,015		0	0	302		0	0	556		
Total Revenue Collected	\$	8,839,821 \$	8,839,821 \$	9,643,265	\$	446,102 \$	446,102 \$	628,772	\$	1,409,190 \$	1,409,190 \$	1,459,504		
Expenditures Paid:														
Instruction	\$	7,234,285 \$	7,234,285 \$	6,449,225	\$	0 \$	0 \$	9,400	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0		
Support Services		2,483,000	2,483,000	2,819,047		1,045,660	1,045,660	630,468		0	0	0		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		0	0	4,328		540,367	540,367	507,996		0	0	0		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		0	0	0		0	0	3,910		0	0	0		
Other Outlays		0	0	4,193		0	0	302		1,501,335	1,501,335	1,501,335		
Other Uses		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		
Repayments		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		
Interest Paid on Warrants and Bank Charge	s	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		
Total Expenditures Paid	\$	9,717,285 \$	9,717,285 \$	9,276,793	\$	1,586,027 \$	1,586,027 \$	1,152,076	\$	1,501,335 \$	1,501,335 \$	1,501,335		
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under) Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments to														
Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	(877,464) \$	(877,464) \$	366,472	\$_	(1,139,924) \$	(1,139,924) \$	(523,304)	\$_	(92,145) \$	(92,145) \$	(41,831)		
Adjustments to Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$_	0 \$	0_\$_	0	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Estopped Warrants	\$	0 \$	0 \$	145	\$	0 \$	0 \$	82	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0		
Transfers In		0	0	20,197		294,000	294,000	313,374		0	0	0		
Transfers Out	_	0	0	0	_	(750)	(750)	(750)	_	0	0	0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	20,342	\$_	293,250 \$	293,250 \$	312,706	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Collected Over Expenditures Paid and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	g \$	(877,464) \$	(877,464) \$	386,814	\$	(846,674) \$	(846,674) \$	(210,598)	\$	(92,145) \$	(92,145) \$	(41,831)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	877,464	877,464	877,464	=	846,674	846,674	846,674	-	92,145	92,145	92,145		
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	(0) \$	(0) \$	1,264,278	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	636,077	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	50,314		

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Tuttle Public Schools Independent District No. 97, Grady County, Oklahoma (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

1.A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on the State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and /or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The District has various supporting groups. However, the District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over these groups and the dollar amounts are not material to the District.

1.B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.B. Fund Accounting, Governmental Fund Types, General Fund, (continued)

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

1. General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenues sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

2. Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds of the District consist of the Building Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The Building Fund consists of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, or repairing buildings and for purchasing furniture and equipment.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The Child Nutrition Fund consists of monies collected from meals served to students and employees of the district and is expended on food, supplies and salaries to operate the lunchroom. The district also deposits reimbursements received from the National School Lunch and Breakfast programs into this fund.

- **3. Debt Service Fund** The debt service fund is the District's Sinking Fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.
- **4.** Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund consists of the Districts 2010 and 2013 Building and Transportation Bond issues. These funds are used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and purchasing transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, trust funds are used for their accounting and reporting. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.B. Fund Accounting, (continued)

1. Agency Funds - The Agency Fund is the School Activities fund, which is used to account for 0monies, collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Groups

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets not accounted for in proprietary funds.

- 1. General long-term Debt Account Group This account group is used to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for liabilities for compensated absences and early retirement incentives, which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.
- <u>2. General Fixed Asset Account Group</u> This account group is used to account for property, plant and equipment of the District. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its combined financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the general purpose financial statements is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

1.C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Capital assets in proprietary funds are recorded when acquired and depreciated over their useful lives.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation, (continued)

 Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

1.D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The board of education requests an initial temporary appropriations budget from the county excise board before June 30. Then no later than October 1, the board of education prepares financial statement and estimate of needs and files it with the applicable county clerk and the State Department of Education. The final budget may be revised upon approval of the board of education and the county excise board.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

1.E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies with maturities greater than three months when purchased. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximated market value.

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The country treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity, (continued)

two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2014, is not material to the basic financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> - The General Fixed Asset Account Group has not been presented.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. There are no amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits have been reported in the general long-term debt account group since none of the vested sick leave is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund) and those that are spendable (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity, (continued) Fund Balance, (continued)

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

1.F. Revenue, Expenses, and Expenditures

<u>State Sources</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of the state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. The State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided. These rules also require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (continued)

1.F. Revenue, Expenses, and Expenditures, (continued)

for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Transfers in/transfers out may not agree because activity fund transactions are not included.

Note 2 – Deposit and Investment Risk

The District held the following deposits	and investments at Jun	e 30, 2014	
			Carrying
			Value
Deposits			
Demand Deposits			\$ 5,938,51
Time Deposits			
Total Deposits			\$ 5,938,51
Investments			
	Credit Rating	Maturity	Fair Value
			\$
Total Investments			\$
Reconciliation to the Combined Statemen	nt of Assets, Liabilities	and Equity	
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ 5,903,81
Activity Fund Outstanding Checks			34,70
Total Deposits and Investments			\$ 5,938,51

Custodial Credit Risk – Exposure to custodial credit related to deposits exists when the District holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the District holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Note 2 – Deposit and Investment Risk, (continued)

The District's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct debt obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school districts in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the District must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2014, the District was exposed to custodial credit risk in the amount of \$49,171.98 in the activity fund.

Investment Credit Risk – The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

- 1. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- 2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies..
- 3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States Government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
- 5. County, municipal or school district debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.
- 6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments consist of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- 7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school district.
- 8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
- 9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating, but discloses any such credit risk associated with their investment by reporting the credit quality ratings of investment in debt securities as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations-rating agencies- as of the year end. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

The district had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2014, as defined above.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District discloses it exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments. The District had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

Note 2 – Deposit and Investment Risk, (continued)

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the District (any over 5 percent are disclosed). Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2014, the District had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

Note 3 - General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements and transportation purposes. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years from the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of bonds payable, obligations for compensated absences, and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and future revenues of the debt service fund.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2014:

		Bonds Payable	Capital Lease Obligations				l 	Total
Balance July 1, 2013	\$	1,485,000	\$	6,631,800	\$	79,280	\$	8,196,080
Additions		1,560,000		0		0		1,560,000
Retirements	_	-1,485,000		-1,539,150		-9,680		-3,033,830
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$_	1,560,000	_\$_	5,092,650	\$	69,600	\$	6,722,250

A brief description of the outstanding general obligation bond issues at June 30, 2014, is set forth below:

	Interest	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Issued	Outstanding
2013 Building Bonds	0.70%	August 1, 2015 \$ _	1,560,000 \$	1,560,000
Totals		\$_	1,560,000 \$	1,560,000

Note 3 - General Long-term Debt, (continued)

Presented below is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity by years and by each bond issue.

	 Principal	Interest	Total
2013 Building			
2014-15	\$ 0 \$	10,920 \$	10,920
2015-16	1,560,000	10,920	1,570,920
Sub Total	\$ 1,560,000 \$	21,840 \$	1,581,840
Total Bonds	\$ 1,560,000 \$	21,840 \$	1,581,840

Interest expense on bonds payable incurred during the current year totaled \$16,335.

The District has entered into a lease agreement for financing the acquisition of school buildings. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. This lease contains a clause which gives the District the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

As noted in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District does not record fixed assets in the financial statements. Consistent with this, the District has not recorded the above assets as assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. The District has recorded the liability for future lease payments in the general long-term debt account group for the above lease.

The schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, is as follows:

Year Ending	New			
June 30	Building			
2015	\$ 1,613,400 \$	1,613,400		
2016	1,697,550	1,697,550		
2017	1,781,700	1,781,700		
Total	\$ 5,092,650 \$	5,092,650		
Less: Amount Representing Interest	0	0		
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 5,092,650 \$	5,092,650		

Compensated Absences:

Upon retirement the District pays for unused sick leave up to 120 days in the amount of \$30/day for non certified employees and \$40/day for certified. The amount accrued as of June 30, 2014 is \$69,600.

Note 4 - Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System") which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). The administration, benefits, and funding of the System are governed by Article XVII, Section 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The System is administered by a board of trustees which acts as a fiduciary for investing the funds and governing the administration of the System. PERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The district has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the System nor has it any liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained in writing at the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, Ok 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

Funding Policy - Under the System, contributions are made by the District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employees. Participation is required for all teachers and other certified employees and is optional for all other regular employees of public education institutions who work at least 20 hours per week.

The contribution rates for the District and its employees, which are not actuarially determined, are established by statute and applied to the employee's earnings, plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The District is required by statute to contribute 9.50% of applicable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. The required contribution for participating members is 7%.

The District's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$597,973, \$591,779, and \$593,853, respectively.

The compensation for employees covered by the System for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$6,347,146; the District's total compensation was \$7,374,760. In addition to the District's 9.50% contributions, the District was required to pay into the System 8.25% of compensation arising from federal grants \$20,251. There were \$597,974 contributions made by employees during the year ended June 30, 2014.

The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The nonfunded pension benefit obligation of the System as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Total pension obligation \$ 18,973,166,739 Net assets available for benefits, at cost 10,861,057,537

Nonfunded pension benefit obligation \$ 8,112,109,202

Note 4 - Employee Retirement System, (continued)

The System's accounting records are maintained on the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income.

Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2013. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they come due.

Note 5 - Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agency. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. The District had the following insurance coverage during the year: Commercial property - \$120,496,428; general liability - \$500,000; and educators liability \$2,000,000. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School also participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling of risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the school reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to them during the plan year. As a member of OSAG the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on the schools losses for the last five year. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss in limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use their loss fund in three years it is returned to them with no interest.

Note 7 - Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the cash basis and budget laws of the Oklahoma State Department of Education requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

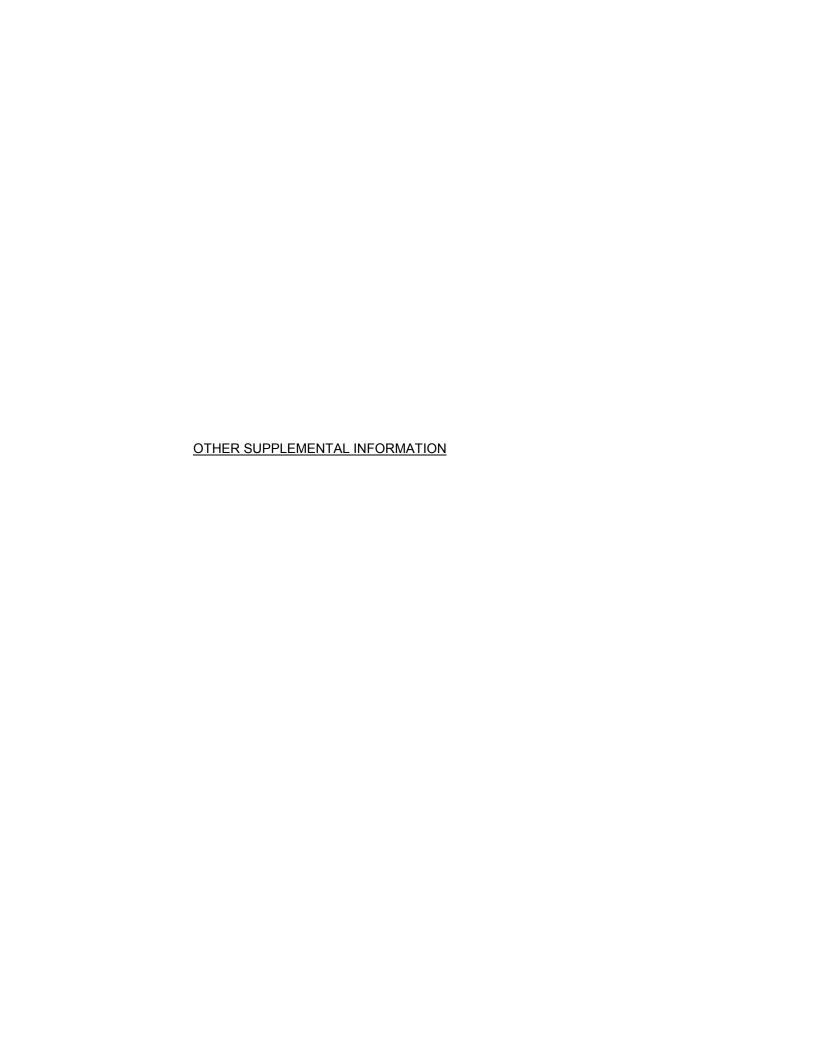
Note 8 – Surety Bonds

The treasurer is bonded by Old Republic surety company, bond #POB-1084032 for the penal sum of \$100,000 for the term of July 1, 2013 to July 1, 2014.

The District has a Public School System Faithful Performance Blanket Position Bond with the Beckman Company, bond #RSB8006845. The term covered is July 1, 2013 to July 1, 2014. It covers employees for the penal sum of \$1,000 to \$5,000, depending on the position held and includes the Minute Clerk \$5000 and the Encumbrance Clerk \$5,000.

The Superintendent is bonded by RLI Insurance Company, bond #LSM0593939 for the period July 1, 2013 to July 1, 2014 for the penal sum of \$100,000.

The assistant treasurer is bonded by RLI insurance company bond #LSM0602564 for the period July 1, 2013 to July 1, 2014 for the penal sum of \$100,000.



Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Regulatory Basis - All Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

<u>ASSETS</u>	-	Building Fund	_	Child Nutrition Fund	_	Total June 30, 2014
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ _	576,123 0	\$_	111,738 0	\$_	687,861 0
Total Assets	\$_	576,123	\$_	111,738	\$_	687,861
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities: Warrants Payable Reserve for Encumbrances	\$	34,339 0	\$_	17,445 0	\$_	51,785 0
Total Liabilities	\$_	34,339	\$_	17,445	\$_	51,785
Fund Balances: Restricted	\$	541,784	\$	94,293	\$	636,077
Total Fund Balances	\$_ \$	541,784	* - \$	94,293	\$ - \$	636,077
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_ \$_	576,123	\$_	111,738	\$_	687,861

Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances Regulatory Basis - Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

		Building Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Total June 30, 2014
Revenue Collected:	=			
Local Sources	\$	421,304 \$	504 \$	421,809
Intermediate Sources		0	0	0
State Sources		0	53,884	53,884
Federal Sources		0	152,777	152,777
Non-Revenue Receipts	_	0	302	302
Total Revenue Collected	\$_	421,304_\$	207,468 \$	628,772
Expenditures Paid:				
Instruction	\$	9,400 \$	0 \$	9,400
Support Services		630,468	0	630,468
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		0	507,996	507,996
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		3,910	0	3,910
Other Outlays		0	302	302
Other Uses		0	0	0
Repayments		0	0	0
Interest Paid and Bank Charges	_	0	0	0
Total Expenditures Paid	\$_	643,778_\$	508,298 \$	1,152,076
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under)				
Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments to Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	(222,474) \$	(300,831) \$	(523,304)
Adjustments to Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	0_\$		0_
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Estopped Warrants	\$	0 \$	82 \$	82
Transfers In		0	313,374	313,374
Transfers Out	_	0	(750)	(750)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$_	0_\$	312,706 \$	312,706
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Collected Over Expenditures Paid and Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	\$	(222,474) \$	11,876 \$	(210,598)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	764,257	82,417	846,674
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$_	541,784 \$	94,293 \$	636,077

Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Funds - Budget and Actual For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

			Building Fund			Chi	ld Nutrition Fun	d		Total		
		Original	Final			Original	Final			Original Final		
Revenue Collected:		Budget	Budget	Actual		Budget	Budget	Actual		Budget	Budget	Actual
Local Sources	\$	281,402 \$	281,402 \$	421,304	\$	0 \$	0 \$	504	\$	281,402 \$	281,402 \$	421,809
Intermediate Sources	•	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	,	0	0	0
State Sources		0	0	0		29,900	29,900	53,884		29,900	29,900	53,884
Federal Sources		0	0	0		134,800	134,800	152,777		134,800	134,800	152,777
Non-Revenue Receipts		0	0	0		0	0	302		0	. 0	302
Total Revenue Collected	\$	281,402 \$	281,402 \$	421,304	\$	164,700 \$	164,700 \$	207,468	\$	446,102 \$	446,102 \$	628,772
Expenditures Paid:												
Instruction	\$	0 \$	0 \$	9,400	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0 \$	0 \$	9,400
Support Services		1,045,660	1,045,660	630,468		0	0	0		1,045,660	1,045,660	630,468
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		0	0	0		540,367	540,367	507,996		540,367	540,367	507,996
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		0	0	3,910		0	0	0		0	0	3,910
Other Outlays		0	0	0		0	0	302		0	0	302
Other Uses		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0
Repayments		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0
Interest Paid		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0
Total Expenditures Paid	\$	1,045,660 \$	1,045,660 \$	643,778	\$	540,367 \$	540,367 \$	508,298	\$	1,586,027 \$	1,586,027 \$	1,152,076
Excess of Revenues Collected Over (Under)												
Expenditures Paid Before Adjustments to												
Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	(764,257) \$	(764,257) \$	(222,474)	\$_	(375,667) \$	(375,667) \$	(300,831)	\$_	(1,139,924) \$	(1,139,924) \$	(523,304)
Adjustments to Prior Year Encumbrances	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Estopped Warrants	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	0 \$	0 \$	82	\$	0 \$	0 \$	82
Transfers In	Ψ	0	0	0	Ψ.	294,000	294,000	313,374	*	294,000	294,000	313,374
Transfers Out		0	0	Ö		(750)	(750)	(750)		(750)	(750)	(750)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0	\$	293,250 \$	293,250 \$	312,706	\$	293,250 \$	293,250 \$	312,706
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Collected												
Over Expenditures Paid and Other Financing	g											
Sources (Uses)	\$	(764,257) \$	(764,257) \$	(222,474)	\$	(82,417) \$	(82,417) \$	11,876	\$	(846,674) \$	(846,674) \$	(210,598)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	764,257	764,257	764,257	_	82,417	82,417	82,417	_	846,674	846,674	846,674
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	541,784	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	94,293	\$_	0 \$	0 \$	636,077

Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combining Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity Activity Fund - Regulatory Basis For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	School Activity Fund
Cash Investments	\$	401,906 0
Total Assets	\$	401,906
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		
Liabilities:	•	101 000
Due To Activity Groups	\$_	401,906
Total Liabilities	\$	401,906
Fund Equity: Unreserved/Undesignated	\$	0
•	· <u> </u>	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	401,906

Tuttle School District No.I-097, Grady County, Oklahoma Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Regulatory Basis - Activity Fund For the Year Ending June 30, 2014

<u>ACTIVITIES</u>	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
A ativity Missallanasus	6 206	* 4.040	Ф 2.050	¢ 4.276
Activity Miscellaneous S Yearbook	6,386 22,698	\$ 1,840 27,674	\$ 3,850 33,423	\$ 4,376 16,948
Art Department Athletics	1,238	2,742	1,719	2,262 100,132
	80,993 126	179,286	160,147 119	
Athletic Vending Band	1,081	0 56,548	56,297	7 1,331
Brian Stewart Baseball	1,439	0,548	00,297	1,439
End of Instruction	1,320	799	1,014	1,105
Computer Science	2,538	1,395	2,180	1,754
Al Dooley Ed. Memorial	10,480	1,393	2,180	10,480
Elementary Building	12,646	44,042	40,498	16,190
FFA	16,732	79,712	69,802	26,642
FCCLA	2,129	79,712	1,747	1,121
High School Building	3,548	12,637	12,162	4,022
MS Computer Science	2,466	870	2,000	1,336
Middle School Building	769	36,281	29,425	7,625
Cheerleading	35	67,815	60,875	6,975
Middle School Stuco	3,286	6,828	3,746	6,368
Library A-High School	1,038	1,369	1,488	920
Library B-Elementary	1,029	20,072	19,670	1,431
Library C-Middle School	606	2,683	2,750	539
Refund Account	0	20,197	20,197	0
Special Services	667	251	347	571
Speech/Drama Department	3,121	0	0	3,121
HS Stuco	3,832	4,612	5,540	2,904
Intermediate Building	16,418	38,109	41,987	12,539
Vocal	175	4,517	3,099	1,593
Class of 2016	475	1,850	0,000	2,325
Class of 2017	0	475	0	475
Class of 2013	760	0	655	105
Class of 2014	2,096	1,595	2,737	955
Class of 2015	2,025	8,070	7,806	2,289
School Lunch Fund	0	312,935	312,935	0
Special Olympics	10,069	18,352	13,817	14,604
National Honor Society	241	3,863	3,798	306
Scholarships	5,750	13,398	2,500	16,648
Brian Stewart Scholarship	67,232	22,450	23,377	66,305
Sam Johnston Hughes Scholarship	9,556	1,000	1,005	9,552
Fred & Adda Mitchell	15,224	1,000	1,008	15,216
Cross Country Fundraiser	644	912	812	744
Baseball Fundraisers	500	10,557	332	10,726
Boys Basketball Fundraiser	714	2,683	3,215	182
Boys Golf Fundraisers	3,260	1,117	1,402	2,975
Football Fundraisers	1,808	28,542	26,393	3,957
Girls Basketball Fundraiser	2,049	0	1,181	868
Girls Golf Fundraisers	3,036	792	268	3,560
Softball Fundraisers	6,076	960	1,052	5,985
Track Fundraisers	3,651	19,351	18,930	4,072
Wrestling Fundraisers	18,478	48,432	60,585	6,326
Total Activities \$	350,440	\$ 1,109,353	\$ 1,057,887	\$ 401,906

TUTTLE ISD NO. 97, GRADY COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Federal	Grantor's	Deferred Revenue/ (Receivable) Balance at	1		Deferred Revenue/ (Receivable) Balance at
Grantor/Program Title	CFDA#	Number	July 1, 2013	Receipts	Expenditures	June 30, 2014
U.S. Department of Education			-			
Direct Programs						_
Title VII, Part A, Indian Education	84.060	561	0	24,448	24,448	0
Passed Through State Department of Education:						
Title I, Basic	84.010	511	0	72,016	86,939	(14,923)
Title II, Part A Transferability	84.367	511	0	34,258	34,258	0
Title 1 Cluster			0	106,273	121,196	(14,923)
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027	621	0	304,282	304,282	0
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	0	6,277	6,277	0
Special Education Cluster			0	310,559	310,559	0
Title II, Part A, Teacher & Prin Training	84.367	541	0	2,810	2,810	0
Total U.S. Department of Education			0	444,091	459,014	(14,923)
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster:	_					
Lunch Program	10.555	763	0	125,425	11,504	113,920
Breakfast Program	10.553	764	0	25,113	10,384	14,729
Commodities Distributed -Lunch (Note 2		N/A	0	19,015	19,015	0
Special Milk	10.556	765	0	2,239	2,239	0
Child Nutrition Cluster			0	171,792	43,142	128,649
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			0	171,792	43,142	128,649
Other Federal Assistance						
Medicaid Resources	93.778	698	0	21,403	21,403	0
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	0	5,681	5,681	0
Total Other Feder Assistance:			0	27,084	27,084	0
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			0	642,966	529,240	113,726

Note 1 - The Schedule of Federal Awards expended was prepared using the same accounting policies used in preparing the District's Financial State District's policy is to recognize expenditures when encumbered (contracted for) rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred.

Note 2 - Commodities received were of a nonmonetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this ar

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Tuttle Independent School District #97 Grady County, Oklahoma

Board Members:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the fund type and account group financial statements, regulatory basis, of **Tuttle Independent School District #97**, Grady County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's combined financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2014. The report on these financial statements was adverse because the District has elected to prepare its financial statements on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a material departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion regarding the presentation of the financial statements referred to above in conformity with the prescribed basis of accounting was qualified due to the omission of the general fixed asset account group.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **Tuttle Independent School District #97**, Grady County, Oklahoma's (The District's), internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies. (2014-1)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Tuttle Independent School District #97, Oklahoma's, Response to Findings

angel, Johnston & Blosingame, P.C.

Tuttle Independent School District #97, Oklahoma's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the attached corrective action plan. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chickasha, Oklahoma November 4, 2014



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Education Tuttle Independent School District #I-97 Grady County, Oklahoma

Board Members:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Tuttle Independent School District #I-97,** Grady County, Oklahoma's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of **Tuttle Independent School District**, **I-97** Grady County, Oklahoma's, major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular A-133*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and *OMB Circular A-133* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, **Tuttle Independent School District #I-97**, Grady County, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chickasha, Oklahoma November 4, 2014

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Tuttle ISD No. 97, Grady County

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section 1

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued
 Internal control over financial reporting;
 Adverse
 (Due to F/S being prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting)

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant Deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

1. Internal control over major program:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

 b. Significant Deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?
 None Reported

2 Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular OMB A-133, Section 510(a)?

4. Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u> <u>Name of Federal Program</u>

84.027 IDEA-B Flowthrough 84.173 IDEA-B Pre School

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A or Type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular A-133,
 Section 530?

Exhibit E-1

Tuttle ISD No. 97, Grady County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

(continued)

Section 2

Financial Statement Findings

2014-1 Finding

<u>Statement of Condition</u> – The activity fund bank account was under collateralized by \$49,171.98 on June 30, 2014.

<u>Criteria</u> – State statute requires all funds over the FDIC level must be covered by collateral pledged by the bank.

<u>Cause/Effect of Condition</u> – Collateral pledged was not monitored for the activity fund, therefore, the school had more money in the bank that was not covered by FDIC insurance or collateral pledged. If the bank had gone under, the school could have been at risk of losing the funds not covered.

Recommendation – All funds should be insured through FDIC insurance or collateral pledged and should be monitored regularly.

Section 3

Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

(None Reported)

Tuttle ISD No. 97, Grady County

Summary Schedule of Prior Year's Audit Exceptions Year Ended June 30, 2014

2013-1 Finding

<u>Statement of Condition</u> – The activity fund "school lunch fund" sub-account had a negative balance of \$6.14 on June 30, 2013.

<u>Criteria</u> – The money in the "school lunch fund" subaccount, should be transferred to the Child nutrition appropriated fund at 6-30 every year, but there should never be a negative balance in the sub-account.

<u>Cause/Effect of Condition</u> – Corrections were made after the original balance was zeroed out which caused the final balance to be negative.

<u>Recommendation</u> – When corrections are made after the final transfer is made, the balance should be checked to ensure it is not negative.

Current Status - The "school lunch fund" subaccount had a zero balance as of June 30, 2014.

2013-2 Finding

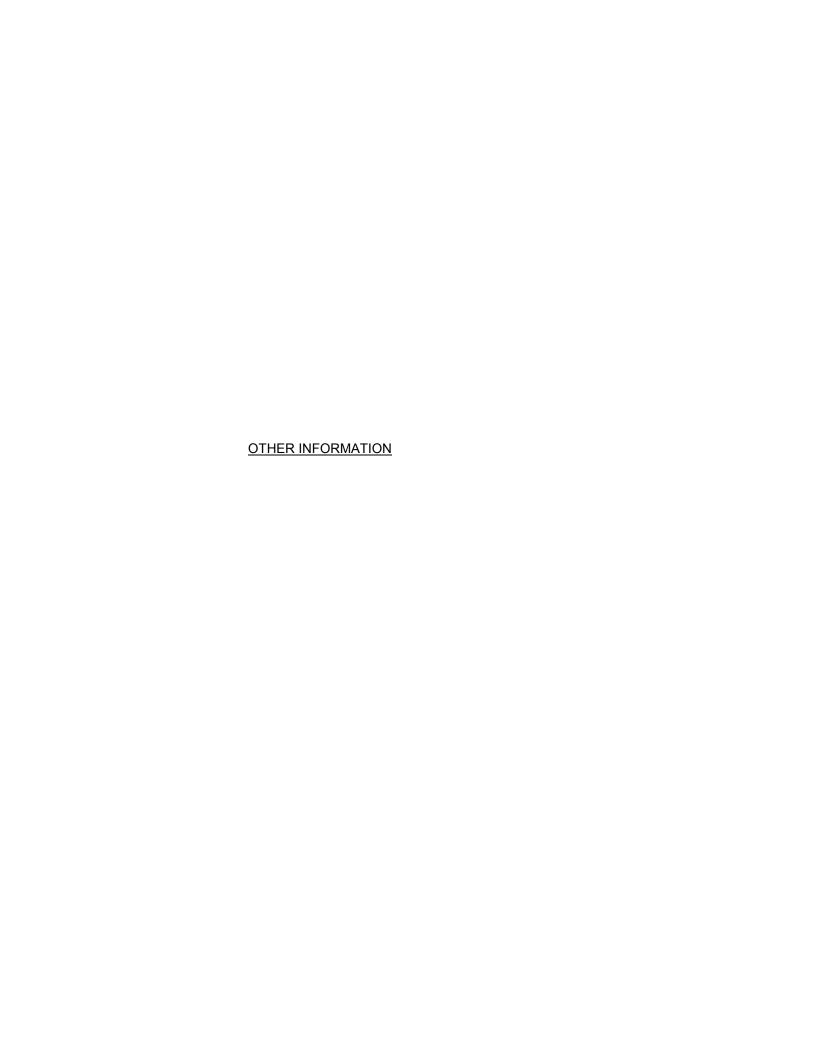
<u>Statement of Condition</u> — We noted the FFA sub-account had money held for long periods of time before depositing it. In one instance \$1,004 was held over two weeks and \$5,084 was held over one week before being deposited.

<u>Criteria</u> – Oklahoma Statutes require deposits be made daily if over \$100. If less than \$100 deposits should be made a t a minimum once a week.

<u>Cause/Effect of Condition</u> – The sponsor is not turning money in on a daily basis and is sometimes holding money for 2 weeks. This could lead to theft or loss of the money being held.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We recommend sponsors turn in money for deposit on a daily basis.

Current Status - This was corrected during the 2013-14 year.



Tuttle ISD No. 97, Grady County Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit For Year Ending June 30, 2014

STATE OF OKLAHOMA)

)ss COUNTY OF GRADY)
,
The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audiengagement with <i>Tuttle Independent School District</i> for the audit year 2013-14.
ANGEL, JOHNSTON, & BLASINGAME, P.C.
Dansel Johnston
by
Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 2014.
Notary Public
My Commission Expires 07-01-18



TUTTLE PUBLIC SCHOOLS 515 EAST MAIN STREET P.O. BOX 780 TUTTLE, OK 73089-0780 PHONE: 405-381-2605 FAX: 405-381-4008

TUTTLE PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT GRADY COUNTY

AUDIT FINDINGS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

AUDIT YEAR 2013-2014

AUDIT FINDING REFERENCE NUMBER:

Exhibit E-2. Section 2

DESCRIPTION OF FINDING:

The activity fund bank account was under collateralized by \$49,171.98 on June 30, 2014.

CONTACT PERSON:

Bobby Waitman, Superintendent

STEPS IMPLEMENTED:

State Statute requires all funds over the FDIC level must be covered by collateral pledged by the bank. In the future, we will include the activity accounts with the appropriate funds when we collateralize our monies. We have discussed this with Sooner State Bank and we will be receiving a report stating the amount of collateral we now

have.

COMPLETION DATE:

November 4, 2014